Drug Trafficking Centres in the Country

1032. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA: DR. BAPU KALDATE:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the metropolitan cities in the country which are considered to be the drug trafficking centres;

(b) in which of these centres the quantity of narcotics seized is the highest during 1990;

(c) what is the percentage of rise in drug trafficking in these centres during 1990 as compared to the year 1989;

(d) what exercise has been made by the Government to know the reasons for which the measures to check drug tracffic-king in these metropolitan centres have failed; and

(e) how do Government propose lo-tackle this growing menace?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI DIGVIIAY SINGH). (a) and (b) The quantity of drugs seized during 1990 from the metropolitan cities of Delhi, Bombay, madras and Calcutta is given below: —

(Quantity seized in Kgs.)

Name of Metropolitan City	Heroin	Hashish	Opi um	Ganja
Bombay	990	791		33
Delhi.	192	209	423	76
Madras	52	28	2	212
Calcutta	17	3	1. 5	2400

Bombay and Delhi have been found to be sensitive for drug trafficking. The quanttiy of narcotics seized in Bombay is the higest as compared to other metropolitan cities during the year 1990.

(c) As compared to the year 1989, during the year 1990, Bombay registered 25 per cent increase in quantity of heroin seizure and 1. 25 per cent increase in quan tity of hashish, seizure; Madras showed 85 per cent increase in quantity of heroin seizure; and Calcutta showed 46. 6 per cent increase in quantity of heroin seizure. Seizure of heroin and hashish in other metropolitan cities as compared to the year 1989 had a significant drop.

(d) and (e) In none of the metropolitan; cities anti-drug trafficking measures have failed. Strengthened enforcement meas ures yielded encourageing results in the field of drug. interdiction. Various measures have been taken-by the Govern-ment to counter drug trafficking. The Central Government enforcement agencies such as the Customs and Centra! Excise Collectorates have been asked to maintain vigilance and the State Governments which share the enforcement res-ponsibility have been advised to create special narcotics cells in the State Police. The Narcotics Control Bureau which is the apex coordinating agency in drug: matters has been strengthened.

Election in Tamil Nadu

1033. SHRI TINDIVANAM G. VEN-KATARAMAN: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether he expressed that elections in Tamil Nadu may be held soon as reported in the 'Hindu dated the 1st February, 1991 published from Madras; and

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) As the State is presently under President's rule, a decision for aolding elections to the Legislative Assembly of Tamil Nadu will be taken at appropriate time, keeping in view the situation obtaining in the State.

Commerce Minister's Meeting with an Israeli Minister

1034. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether during his recent visit to Brussels he had a meeting with an Israel Minister; and

(b) if so what are re details in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI SHANTILAL PURUSHOTTAMDAS PATEL): (a) and (b) No official meeting took place between the Indian and Israeli delegation at any level during Commerce Minister's visit to Brussels. However, as the sitting arrangement in international conferences are in alphabetical order and consequently the Indian and Israeli delegation were seated near each other, conversation between the Commerce Minister and his Israeli counterpart was inevitable. We do not maintain any official level contact with Israeli and have no trade issue to discuss with Israel.

Rationalisation of Subsidy System

1035. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:

DR. JINENDRA KUMAR; JAIN:

SHRI BAL RAM SINGH YADAVA: SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE: SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether inaugurating a national semi nar on employment in New Delhi, on Jan uary 14, 1991, he observed that while sub sidies were responsible for the mounting budgetary deficit, the whole system of sub sidies was geared for the rich;

(b) if so, what steps are being taken/ have been taken to rationalise the system of subsidies to ensure that the benefits of the system reach the poor and marginal farmers; and

(c) how far and in what respects subsidies are proposed to be reduced or with' drawn?

THE FINANCE MINISTER (SHRI YASHWANT SINHA): (a) to (c) As indicated in Para 18 of the speech of the Minister of Finance, while presenting the interim Budget for 1991-92 on 4th March 1991, rationalisation of the expenditure of subsidies is essential for fiscal consolidation. As a first step the budgetary allocations for the major subsidies on exports, fertilizers and food have been reduced from Rs. 9550 crores in RE 1990-91 to Rs. 8616 crores in BE 1991-92. The desired objectives are to be attained within these allocations by better targeting of subsidies for the poor and the needy, combined with an improvement in management.

Excise duty exemption on tractors

1036. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether agricultural tractors are exempted form excise duty;

(b) if so, what were the prices of dif ferent types of tractors and the extent of excise duty exemption granted during the last three years; and

(c) whether the prices of tractors are fix ed by Government; if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINIS-